

GUIDELINES ON ENERGY-USING PRODUCT

[GP/ST/No.50/2024]

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ENERGY EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION ACT 2024 [Act 861]

GUIDELINES ON ENERGY-USING PRODUCT

GP/ST/No.50/2024

IN exercise of the powers conferred by paragraph 3(1)(c) and section 67 of the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act 2024 [*Act 861*], the Commission issues the following guidelines:

Citation and commencement

- 1. These guidelines may be cited as the Guidelines On Energy-Using Product.
- 2. These Guidelines shall come into operation on 1 January 2025.

Purpose

3. The purpose of these Guidelines are to specifies the detail requirement on-

- (a) the energy-using product;
- (b) the energy efficiency criteria, testing methodology;
- (c) the minimum energy performance standards;
- (d) the energy efficiency rating table and calculation method for each of energy products;
- (e) the methodology of calculation of the energy efficiency rating; and
- (f) the Energy Efficiency Labeling requirement and specification.

Dated: 30 December 2024

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Chief Executive Officer Energy Commission

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CHAPTER 1 : GENERAL SCOPE

1. Application

- 1.1. These Guidelines shall apply to the following energy-using products:
 - (a) air-conditioner;
 - (b) refrigerator;
 - (c) domestic fan;
 - (d) lamp;
 - (e) television;
 - (f) washing machine;
 - (g) microwave oven;
 - (*h*) electric rice cooker;
 - (i) freezer; and
 - (j) electric oven.
- 1.2. Energy-using product which is used for exhibitions, laboratory work, research, and testing are not included within the scope of these Guidelines.
- 1.3. Any energy-using product which has been issued with release letter under Act 447 by the relevant regulatory authority are excluded as energy-using product referred under this guideline.
- All energy-using product shall meet the Minimum Energy Performance Standard (MEPS) rating of 2-star as stated in the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Regulation 2024.

2. Interpretation

In these Guidelines, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

"Act"	means the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act 2024 [Act
	861]

"Act 447" means the Electricity Supply Act 1990 [Act 447]

THE

"Commission" has the meaning assigned to it under the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act 2024 [*Act 861*].

PART 1 : AIR CONDITIONER

1.1 Scope

The air conditioner which is classified as energy-using product shall have the following criteria:

- (a) single-phase;
- (b) non-ducted;
- (c) single-split wall mounted;
- (d) vapor compression air conditioners; and
- (e) with a cooling capacity of up to 7.1 kW.

1.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

non-inverter air conditioner	means air conditioner that uses technology
	to control the compressor's output through
	start-stop operation.
inverter air conditioner	means air conditioner that uses technology
	to vary the compressor's output by methods
	other than start-stop operation.
wall mounted air conditioner	means an encased assembly consisting of at
	least an evaporator, fan motor assembly,
	and electrical assembly, designed to be
	mounted on a wall. It is primarily intended to
	deliver conditioned air to an enclosed space,
	room, or zone.
Cooling Seasonal	the ratio of the total annual amount of heat

Performance Factor (CSPF) that the equipment can remove from indoor air while operating in cooling mode to the total annual energy consumed by the equipment during the same period. The unit of measurement is Wh/Wh.

1.2 Testing Methodology

1.2.1 The testing methodology used for air conditioner are as follows:

National testing Standard	Equivalent Standard		
MS ISO 5151:2012, non-ducted	ISO 5151:2010 Non-ducted air		
air conditioners and heat	conditioners and heat pumps —		
pumps: Testing and rating for	Testing and rating for performance		
performance			
None	Calculation method using ISO		
	16358-1:2013. Air-cooled air		
	conditioners and air-to-air heat		
	pumps - Testing and calculating		
	methods for seasonal performance		
	factors - Part1: Cooling seasonal		
	performance factor		

- 1.2.2 The air conditioner shall be measured at the following conditions:
 - (a) Climatic ambient T1, refer MS ISO 5151; and
 - (b) Voltage 230V, 50Hz
- 1.2.3 The requirements to calculate CSPF shall be as follows:
 - (a) the outcome of the testing shall be based on the MS ISO5151;
 - (b) temperature bin distribution for the purpose of calculating energy efficiency shall be based on Table 3, ISO 16358-1;
 - *(c)* the measured cooling capacity value shall not be less than 90% of rated cooling capacity;
 - (*d*) the measured power input value shall not be more than 110% of rated power input;

- (e) for all type of air conditioner, test shall be conducted only under standard temperature condition without testing under cooling low temperature condition (Refer to Table 1 of ISO16358-1);
- *(f)* For inverter air conditioner, the 50% load cooling capacity test, following tolerance shall be met:

50 % load = 100 % load capacity x 0.5 (tolerance \pm 5.0 %).

Where 100 % load capacity refers to measured cooling capacity during 100 % load cooling capacity.

- 1.2.4 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component related to performance of the air conditioner such as fan motor, compressor, evaporator, condenser, PCB Board and other relevant component, the air conditioner shall be tested again.
- 1.2.5 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

1.3 Calculations of energy efficiency

(a) The calculations for Cooling Seasonal Performance Factor (CSPF) for noninverter air conditioner shall be as follows:

 $CSPF (Non - Inverter) = 1.062 \times EER_{tested}$

Where, EER_{tested} (Energy Efficiency Ratio) is obtained from the test report

(b) The calculations for Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A shall be as follows:

Annual Energy Consumption(kWh), $A = \frac{CSEC \ (kWh)}{1817 \ hours} \times 4380 \ hours *$

Where,

CSEC =Cooling Seasonal Energy Consumption (From Test Report) *Operating hours per year =12hours per day x 365 day = 4380 hours

(c) The calculations for Percentage energy saving compared to the lowest 2star rating, B shall be as follows:

$$B = 100\% - (100 \times \frac{CSPF_{Lowest \ 2-Star}}{CSPF_{Measured}})$$

Where,

 $CSPF_{Lowest 2-Star} = 3.1$ for rated cooling capacity < 4.5kW $CSPF_{Lowest 2-Star} = 2.9$ for rated cooling capacity 4.5kW to 7.1kW $CSPF_{Measured} = Obtained$ from Test Report

1.4 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance with Table 1 and 2.

	Effective from 1.1.2025 – 31.12.2025	Effective from 1.1.2026 - 31.12.2029	Effective from 1.1.2030
Star	Tested CSPF	Tested CSPF (Wh/Wh)	Tested CSPF
Rating	(Wh/Wh)		(Wh/Wh)
5	≥5.30	≥6.09	≥7.5
4	4.60 ≤CSPF<5.30	5.40≤CSPF<6.09	7.00≤CSPF<7.50
3	3.30 ≤ CSPF<4.60	4.80 ≤ CSPF < 5.40	6.50 ≤ CSPF < 7.00
2	3.10 ≤ CSPF<3.30	4.10 ≤ CSPF < 4.80	6.09 ≤ CSPF < 6.50
1	< 3.10	< 4.10	< 6.09

Table 1 : The rated cooling capacity < 4.5kW

	Effective from 1.1.2025 – 31.12.2025	Effective from 1.1.2026 - 31.12.2029	Effective from 1.1.2030
Star Rating	Tested CSPF (Wh/Wh)	Tested CSPF (Wh/Wh)	Tested CSPF (Wh/Wh)
5	≥ 5.10	≥ 5.60	≥ 7.00
4	4.00≤ CSPF<5.10	5.00≤ CSPF<5.10	6.50 ≤ CSPF < 7.00
3	3.10≤ CSPF<4.00	4.40 ≤ CSPF < 5.00	6.09 ≤ CSPF < 6.50
2	2.90 ≤ CSPF<3.10	4.00 ≤ CSPF < 4.40	5.60 ≤ CSPF < 6.09
1	<2.90	<4.00	<5.60

Table 2 : $4.5kW \leq Rated$ Cooling Capacity $\leq 7.1kW$

PART 2 : REFRIGERATOR

2.1 **Scope**

- 2.1.1 The refrigerator which is classified as energy-using product shall have the following criteria:
 - (a) one door or two door as shown in Figure 1;
 - (b) can be connected to main power; and
 - (c) within the scope of MS IEC 62552-1:2016 or equivalent standard IEC 62552-1:2015



2.1.2 The following products are excluded as energy-using product:

- (a) mini bar or mini refrigerator which have a total volume of less than60 litres;
- (b) products that are designed exclusively for use in vehicles (e.g. mobile homes, campervans and/or rail cars) or boats and which have a total volume of less than 60 litres;
- (c) products that have refrigeration function as secondary (e.g. boiling or cooled water dispensers);
- (d) products that have no options for connection to a 230V to 400V,50Hz mains electricity supply;

- *(e)* products that cool using technologies other than the vapour compression cycle;
- (f) products that are designed exclusively for built-in in house; and
- (g) French door/side by side door/more than 2-door refrigerator.

2.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Energy	efficiency	the ratio between the adjusted volume (in litres) and	
factor (EEF)		the daily energy consumption (in kWh), determined	
		using the test methods specified in MS IEC 62552-	
		1 and MS IEC 62552-3	
EEFAverage	means the energy efficiency factor as determine		
		by the Commission	
Star rating i	ndex (SRI)	means the indication of the claimed energy	
		efficiency of a model, where a higher SRI	
		represents greater energy efficiency. It is calculated	
		based on the energy efficiency factor (EEF).	

2.3 Testing Methodology

2.3.1 The refrigerator shall be tested according to the testing methodology as follows:

National Standard	Equivalent International		
	Standard		
MS IEC 62552-1:2016, Household	IEC 62552-1:2015 Household		
Refrigerating Appliances -	refrigerating appliances -		
Characteristics and Test Methods	Characteristics and test methods		
- Part 1: General Requirements	- Part 1: General requirements		

(Second Revision) (IEC 62552-	
1:2015, IDT)	
MS IEC 62552-3:2016, Household	IEC 62552-3:2015 Household
Refrigerating Appliances -	refrigerating appliances -
Characteristics and Test Methods	Characteristics and test methods
– Part 3: Energy Consumption and	- Part 3: Energy consumption and
Volumes (Second Revision) (IEC	volume
62552-3:2015, IDT)	

- 2.3.2 The testing methodology shall meet the following requirements:
 - (a) the energy consumption shall be determined by interpolation from the results of two tests:
 - (i) one giving a temperature warmer than, and
 - (ii) the other a temperature colder than,

the target temperature as in accordance with MS IEC 62552-3;

- (b) the refrigerating appliance shall be tested at the 230V, 50Hz;
- (c) the ambient temperature of 32 °C with humidity less than 75%;
- (*d*) the specified auxiliaries value is determined by ambient controlled anti-condensation heaters only. Probability for temperature and humidity data are shown in Table 3.

Relative	RH band	Probability at	Probability at	Probability
Humidity (RH)	mid-point	16 ºC	22 ºC	at 32 °C
0 to 10 %	5 %	0.0	0.0	0.0
10 to 20 %	15 %	0.0	0.0	0.0
20 to 30 %	25 %	0.8	0.4	0.0

30 to 40 %	35 %	3.3	3.4	0.3
40 to 50 %	45 %	6.4	10.7	2.1
50 to 60 %	55 %	8.0	14.2	7.8
60 to 70 %	65 %	5.8	9.0	11.3
70 to 80 %	75 %	2.5	3.9	6.3
80 to 90 %	85 %	0.8	0.9	1.8
90 to 100 %	95 %	0.0	0.0	0.3

Table 3 : Probability for temperature and humidity data – ambient controlled anticondensation heater

- (e) the load processing efficiency value is determined by using equation (57) of Annex G of MS IEC62552-3. This value is determined at ambient temperature of 32 °C only. A regional factor to scale processing load used is 1; and
- (f) the determination method for number of valid defrost and recovery period are using both option 1 and 2 of C.4 of MS IEC62552-3.
- 2.3.3 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component related to performance of the refrigerator such as compressor, compressor capacitor, defrost heater, defrost timer, thermostat / temperature sensor, fan motor, condenser, evaporator, inverter PCB (for inverter type) and other relevant component, the refrigerator shall be tested again.
- 2.3.4 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

2.4 Calculation of energy efficiency

(a) Calculation of Star Rating Index (SRI)

The Star Rating Index (SRI) is determined based on daily energy consumption obtained from test conducted in accordance with MS IEC 62552-1 and MS IEC 62552-3.

Star rating index is determined by the following equation:

Star Rating Index =	$\left[\frac{EEF_{Tested}}{EEF_{Average}}\right]$	$\left[1\right] \times 100\%$	
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Where,

$$\begin{split} & EEF_{Average(1door)} = 1.114 \times V_{adjusted} + 79.87 \\ & EEF_{Average(2doors)} = 0.6402 \times V_{adjusted} + 64.45 \\ & EEF_{Tested} = \frac{V_{adjusted} \left(L\right)}{Energy \ consumptioned \ per \ day \ (kWh)} \end{split}$$

Where,

Energy consumption per day =
$$\frac{E_{Total}}{365}$$

Where,

$$E_{Total} = E_{daily32C} \times 365 + E_{aux} + \Delta E_{processing32C} \times 365$$

The adjusted volume (V_{adjusted}) of a refrigerating appliance is calculated by summing the adjusted volume for each compartment as per equation below:

$$V_{adj} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} K_{ci} \times V_i$$

Where,

n is number of compartments in the refrigerating appliance;

V_i is volume of compartment *i* (litres);

 K_{ci} is adjustment volume factor for compartment *i* as determined in accordance with the following equation:

K	$T_{t} = \frac{[T_{ka} - T_{ti}]}{[T_{ka} - T_{tff}]}$	
	- ,,,-	

Where,

 T_{ka} is the environment test temperature (set at + 32 °C);

 T_{ti} is the target temperature of compartment *i* (°C) from Table 4

 T_{tff} is the target temperature of a fresh food compartment (4 °C)

The volume adjustment factor (K_{ci}) for each compartment type is specified in Table 4 below.

Compartment type	Target	Volume adjustment
	temperature (°C)	factor (Kci)
Pantry	17	0.54
Wine storage	12	0.71
Cellar	12	0.71
Fresh food	4	1.00
Chill	2	1.07
Zero star	0	1.14
1 star	-6	1.36
2 star	-12	1.57
3 star and 4 star	-18	1.79

Table 4 : Volume adjustment factor by compartment type

(b) Calculations for Annual Energy Consumption (kWh),A

Annual Energy Consumption (kwh)= E_{Total} (Obtained From the Test Report)

(c) Calculations for Percentage energy saving compared to the lowest 2-star rating,B

B=100%-(
$$\frac{\mathsf{EEF}_{\mathsf{Lowest 2-Star}}}{\mathsf{EEF}_{\mathsf{Tested}}}$$
×100)

Where,

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{EEF}_{\mathsf{Lowest 2-Star}} = 0.7593 \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{adjusted}} + 54.459 \ (1\text{-}\mathsf{Door}) \\ \mathsf{EEF}_{\mathsf{Lowest 2-Star}} = 0.4802 \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{adjusted}} + 48.338 \ (2\text{-}\mathsf{Door}) \\ \mathit{EEF}_{\mathit{Tested}} \ \mathsf{can} \ \mathsf{be} \ \mathsf{obtained} \ \mathsf{from} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{report.} \\ \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{adjusted}} \ \mathsf{can} \ \mathsf{be} \ \mathsf{obtained} \ \mathsf{from} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{report.} \end{split}$$

2.5 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance with Table 5.

Star rating	Star index value
5	+ 25 % ≤ Star index
4	+ 10 % ≤ Star index < + 25 %
3	- 10 % ≤ Star index < + 10 %
2	- 25 % ≤ Star index < - 10 %
1	- 35 % ≤ Star index < - 25 %

Table 5 : Star rating index value

PART 3 : DOMESTIC FAN

3.1 **Scope**

- 3.1.1 This guideline shall apply to domestic fan that are used in household that is connected to main power supply including—
 - (a) the ceiling fan with size from 48 inch up to 60 inch (1200mm up to 1500mm);
 - (b) the pedestal fan with size from 10 inch up to 16 inch (250mm up to 400mm);
 - (c) the wall fan with size from 10 inch up to16 inch (250mm up to 400mm);
 - (*d*) the desk fan with size from 10 inch up to16 inch (250mm up to 400mm); and
 - (e) the box/mist/moving louver fan (250mm/10inch-350mm/14 inch).
- 3.1.2 The following types of fans are excluded from these Guidelines:
 - (a) the ventilating fan;
 - (b) the battery operated fan; and
 - (c) the bladeless fan.

3.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

coefficient ofmeans the air delivery in cubic metres per minuteperformance (COP)divided by electrical power input to the fan in
watts at the voltage and frequency specified for
the test. In the event of the fan comprising an
oscillating mechanism, the electrical input in
watts is measured with the fan under normal full
speed conditions, which is with the oscillating
mechanism in action, whereas the air delivery is

determined with the oscillating mechanism out of action.

3.3 Testing Methodology

3.3.1 The fan shall be tested according to the testing methodology as stated below:

National Standard	Equivalent International
	Standard
MS 1220:2010 Performance and	IEC 60879:1986 (With
Construction of Electric	Modification)
Circulating Fans and Regulators	Performance and construction of
	electric circulating fans and
	regulators

- 3.3.2 The fan shall be tested with electricity supply voltage and frequency at 240V and 50Hz respectively.
- 3.3.3 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as motor, motor capacitor value, regulator capacitor value, PCB design/layout and other relevant component related to performance of the domestic fan, the domestic fan shall be tested again.
- 3.3.4 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

3.4 Calculation of energy efficiency

(a) Calculation of coefficient of performance (COP)

$$COP = \frac{\text{Measured Air Delivery}\left(\frac{\text{m}^{3}}{\text{min}}\right)}{\text{Input Power(W)}}$$

Where Measured Air Delivery and Input Power can be obtained from the test report.

(b) Calculation of Annual Energy Consumption, A

A (kWh) = $365 \times 8 \times 1000$ Power obtained from test report (kW)

Where Input Power is measured during air delivery test.

(c) Calculation of Percentage Energy Saving Compared to Lowest 2-Star Rating,B:

$$B = 100\% - (100 \times \frac{A}{Energy Consumption of lowest 2 - star rating})$$

Where

Energy Consumption of lowest 2-star for ceiling fan:

$$= \frac{365 \times 8 \times \frac{\text{Tested air delivery capacity}(\text{m}^3/\text{min})\text{from test report}}{2.58}}{1000}$$

Energy Consumption lowest 2-star for pedestal, wall and desk fan:

	$365 \times 8 \times$ Tested air delivery capacity(m^3 /min)from test report
	1.01
=	1000

3.5 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance with the tables below:

(a) wall fan, desk fan and pedestal fan

Star Rating	COP (m ³ /min/W)
5	≥1.20
4	1.12 to 1.19
3	1.08 to 1.11
2	1.01 to 1.07
1	0.93 to 1.00

Table 6 : Star Rating Table for wall fan, desk fan and pedestal fan

(b) Ceiling fan

Star Rating	COP (m ³ /min/W)
5	≥3.00
4	2.74 to 2.99
3	2.66 to 2.73
2	2.58 to 2.65
1	2.50 to 2.57

Table 7 : Star Rating table for ceiling fan

(c) Box/mist/moving louver fan (250mm/10inch-350mm/14 inch)

Star Rating	COP (m ³ /min/W)
2	≥0.50

PART 4 : LAMP

4.1 Scope

- 4.1.1 The types of lamp shall have the following criteria:
 - (a) T5 and T8 double capped fluorescent lamps;
 - (b) self-ballasted single-capped lamps (compact fluorescent lamps (CFL)) for general lighting services;
 - (c) single-capped fluorescent lamps (non-integrated compact fluorescent lamps) and circular fluorescent lamps for general lighting services;
 - (d) self-ballasted Light Emitting Diode (LED) lamps for general lighting services with lamp cap E14, E27, GU10, B22d, G5 and G13; and
 - (e) filament tungsten incandescent lamps.
- 4.1.2 These Guidelines shall not apply to the lamp with the following criteria:
 - (a) lamps which are operated with supply below than 50V DC or AC;
 - (b) LED stripes, dies or chips;
 - (c) products that have a built-in lamp or light source that is integral to the product's function;
 - (d) High-Intensity Discharge (HID) light sources with Correlated Color Temperature (CCT) > 7000 K and intended for use in applications requiring such a high CCT;
 - *(e)* incandescent light sources (not including halogen light sources) intended for use in special application including the following:
 - (i) components in electrical appliances;
 - (ii) medical, research and lab equipment;
 - (iii) internal decoration, shows and exhibition;
 - (iv) safety and signaling;
 - (v) conservation of animals and as repellant for insects;
 - (vi) heating and testing;

- (vii) cleanliness and health;
- (viii) beauty treatment;
- (ix) lamps that cannot be directly replaced with other type of lamp; and
- incandescent lamp for other purposes deemed suitable by the Commission to be excluded.
- (f) lamp designed and marketed specifically for scene-lighting use in film-studios, TV-studios and locations, and photographic-studios and locations, or for stage-lighting use in theatres, during concerts or other entertainment events;

4.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

efficacy Efficacy (Im/W) is the amount of light emitted measured in lumen (Im) by a lamp for each watt (W) of power consumed.

4.3 Testing Methodology

4.3.1 The lamp shall be tested according to the testing methodology as follows:

- (a) T5 and T8 double capped fluorescent lamps
 - testing standard MS IEC 60081:2003 or IEC 60081:2003; and
 - (ii) the endurance parameters tested shall not be less than 80 % of the initial lumen output value and the failure rate of not more than 10 % of sample population after 2000 h operation;

- (b) self-ballasted compact fluorescent lamps (CFL) for general lighting services
 - testing standard MS IEC 60969:2006 or IEC 60969:2001; and
 - (ii) the endurance parameters tested shall be not less than 80 % of the initial lumen output value and the failure rate of not more than 10 % of sample population after 2000 h operation;
- (c) single-capped fluorescent lamps (non-integrated compact fluorescent lamps) and circular fluorescent lamps for general lighting services
 - testing standard MS IEC 60901:2003 or IEC 60901:1996; and
 - (ii) the endurance parameters tested shall be not less than 80 % of the initial lumen output value and the failure rate of not more than 10 % of sample population after 2000 h operation;
- (d) self-ballasted Light Emitting Diode (LED) lamps for general lighting services—
 - (i) testing standard MS IEC 62612:2021 or IEC 62612:2015;
 - (ii) for LED lamps shall be tested for 6000 hours, with minimum
 70 % of the initial lumen output value and the failure rate of
 not more than 10 % of sample population;
 - (iii) the endurance parameters for testing as with i), shall be not less than 80 % of the initial lumen output value and the failure rate of not more than 10 % of sample population after minimum 1000 h operation; and

- (iv) For Light Emitting Diode (LED) Lamps, the Lumens maintenance test will be carried out every 1,000 hours until the completion of 6,000 hours. An interim report will be issued after completing the first 1,000 hours. The interim report can be used for Certificate of Energy Efficiency (COE) application. The test will be continued to complete the 6,000 hours. A final full test report will then be issued to supersede the interim report; and
- (e) incandescent

Testing standard MS IEC 60064:2006 or IEC 60064:2006;

- 4.3.2 The lamp shall be tested with electricity supply voltage and frequency at 230V and 50Hz respectively.
- 4.3.3 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as LED module/package, Transformer, PCB design and diffuser, lamp cover and other relevant component related to performance of the lamp, the lamp shall be tested again.
- 4.3.4 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

4.4 Calculation of energy efficiency

The calculation of energy efficiency for lamp shall be in the form of efficacy based on the following equation:

 $Efficacy(lm/W) = \frac{lumen\ output}{watt}$

4.5 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance with tables below.

(a) T5 and T8 double capped fluorescent lamps

Star rating	Туре	Lamp rating (W)	Minimum efficacy (Im/W)
	то	≥ 18 to < 31	70
2 star	lo	≥ 31	80
T5	≥ 14 to < 15	75	
	15	≥ 15	80

(b) self-ballasted compact fluorescent lamps (CFL) for general lighting services

Star Rating	Lamp rating (W)	Minimum efficacy (Im/W)
	< 9	46
2 otor	≥ 9 to < 15	52
2 5101	≥ 15 to < 25	55
	≥ 25	62

(c) single-capped fluorescent lamps (non-integrated compact fluorescent lamps) and circular fluorescent lamps for general lighting services

Star rating	Lamp rating (W)	Minimum efficacy (Im/W)
2 star	< 10	46
2 star	≥ 10 to < 19	55
2 star	≥ 19 to < 27	59
2 star	≥ 27	70

(d) self-ballasted Light Emitting Diode (LED) lamps for general lighting services

Star rating	Lamp cap type (as in MS IEC 60061-1)	Minimum efficacy (Im/W)
2 star	G13	75
2 star	GU10	50
2 star	E27 or B22d	60
2 star	E14	60

(e) incandescent lamp

Star rating	Lamp type	Minimum efficacy (Im/W)
2 star	incandescent	60

PART 5 : TELEVISION

5.1 Scope

- 5.1.1 This Guide shall apply to the following types of television with size up to or equal to 177.8 cm (70 inch):
 - (a) plasma;
 - (b) liquid crystal display (LCD);
 - (c) light emitting diode (LED);
 - (d) cathode ray tube (CRT); and
 - (e) any other display type with similar function.
- 5.1.2 However, if the above television has following criteria, it shall be excluded:
 - (a) television sets powered solely by batteries;
 - (b) front and rear projection display devices;
 - (c) type 8K and above televisions;

5.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

8K	means a television with minimum resolution with
	7680 x 4320 pixel;
Active Standby Mode	A television being on either "standby-active low"
	or "standby-active high" sub-modes as described
	in Table 1 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017;
On mode	A television being on "On" mode as described in
	Table 1 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017;
Passive standby mode	A television being on "standby-passive" mode as
	described in Table 1 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017;

Standby modeA television being on "Partial On" mode as
described in Table 1 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017.

5.3 Testing Methodology

5.3.1 The television shall be tested according to the testing methodology as follows:

National Standard	Equivalent International
	Standard
MS IEC 62301:2012	IEC 62301:2011
Household electrical appliances	Household electrical appliances -
- Measurement of standby	Measurement of standby power.
power.	
MS IEC 62087-3:2017	IEC 62087-3:2015
Audio, video and related	Audio, video and related
equipment - Determination of	equipment - Determination of
power consumption - Part 3:	power consumption - Part 3:
Television sets.	Television sets.

- 5.3.2 Testing of power measurement shall be conducted in the following manner:
 - (a) power measurement at a time when the device is on On Mode; and
 - (b) power measurement at a time when the device is on Standby Mode
- 5.3.3 The On Mode power consumption shall have the following specific conditions:
 - (a) supply voltage and frequency: 230V, 50Hz;
 - (b) configuration and picture setting: home configuration (clause 3.1.9 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017) or default picture setting (clause 3.1.7 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017);

- (c) light source for disabling the ABC feature: ABC sensor disabled by means of control setting or light source control (clause 5.6.5 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017);
- (d) networking equipment: no networking connectivity applies (clause 5.6.6 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017);
- (e) sound level adjustments: Volume control adjusted to obtain 50 mW at the loudspeaker terminal (Clause 6.3.10.7 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017);
- (f) power measurement: Dynamic broadcast-content video signal applies during measurement (Clause 6.4.5 of MS IEC 62087-3:2017); and
- (g) peak luminance measurement: Box and outline video signal applies during measurement (Clause 4.2.2.2 of MS IEC 62087-2:2017).
- 5.3.4 The Standby Mode power consumption shall be measured according to MS IEC 62301:2012.
- 5.3.5 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as LCD/LED display panel, power supply unit, transformer and AC-DC adapter and other relevant component related to performance of the television shall be tested again.
- 5.3.6 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

5.4 Calculation of energy efficiency

(a) The calculation of energy efficiency for television shall have the following requirement:

- *i.* the maximum power consumption during Passive Standby Mode shall be 1W; and
- *ii.* the minimum peak luminance ratio shall be 60%.
- (b) Failure to meet the requirements in (a) will render the product ineligible for rating.
- (c) The calculation of energy efficiency shall be in a form of Star Rating Index (SRI) and calculated in accordance with the following formula:

Star Rating Index =
$$\left(\frac{EEF_{tested}}{EEF_{average}} - 1\right) x100\%$$

Where:

The value of EEF_{average} shall be obtained from the test report which calculated in accordance with the following formula:

 $EEF_{average} = 0.0045 \times Screen Area (cm²) + 27.355$

The value of EEF_{tested} shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$EEF_{tested} = \frac{Screen Area (cm^2)}{Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A}$$

Where:

Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A = 0.365 [(Pon x 5) + Pps(19 - Tas)+(Pas x Tas)]

Where:

Pon = Power at On Mode (in W)

Pps = Power at Passive Standby Mode (in W)

- Pas = Power at Active Standby Mode (in W)
- Tas = Time on Active Standby Mode (in hour)

(d) Calculation of Percentage Energy Saving Compared to Lowest 2-Star Rating,

B:

$$B = 100\% - \left(\frac{EEF_{lowest 2star}}{EEF_{tested}}\right) \times 100$$

Where

 $EEF_{lowest 2star} = 0.003 \times \text{Screen Area} (\text{cm}^2) + 14.421$

5.4 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance with Table 8 below.

Star Rating	Star Index
5	+70%≤ Star Index
4	+25%≤ Star Index <+70%
3	-22%≤ Star Index <+25%
2	-55%≤ Star Index <-22%
1	Star Index <-55%

Table 8 : Star Rating for Television

PART 6 : WASHING MACHINE

6.1 Scope

- 6.1.1 These Guidelines shall apply to washing machine for households use, with or without heating devices utilizing cold or hot water supply.
- 6.1.2 The following washing machine is excluded from the scope of these Guidelines:
 - (a) washing machine capacity of more than 16kg;
 - (b) washer-dryer (washing machine with drying function usually by heating and tumbling);
 - (c) manual washing machine (a machine that requires user intervention at one or more points during the program to enable the machine to proceed to the next operation i.e twin tub/semi auto); and
 - (d) mini washer or twin washer which cannot operate on its own (stand-alone mini washer which requires to be installed with its main washer)

6.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Energy	efficiency	Ratio of the total energy consumption for a
factor (EEF)	complete Program to the rated capacity in
		kilogram(kg). The unit for EEF is Wh/kg.
Top Loadir	ig (Vertical Axis)	Washing machine in which the load is placed
washing m	achine	in a drum which rotates around the axis
		which is vertical or close to vertical. Vertical
		axis is where the angle of the axis of rotation
		is more than 45 degrees to horizontal.

Front	Loading	(Horizontal	Washing machine in which the load is placed
Axis) v	washing m	nachine	in a drum which rotates around the axis
			which is horizontal or close to horizontal.
			Horizontal axis is where the angle of axis is
			less than or equal to 45 degrees to
			horizontal.
Rated	capacity		Maximum mass in kg of dry textiles of a
			particular type which the manufacturer
			declares can be treated in the washing
			machine on the default program.
Progra	am		Series of operations which are pre-defined
			within the washing machine and which are
			declared by the manufacturer as suitable for
			washing certain textile types.

6.3 Testing Methodology

6.3.1 The washing machine shall be tested according to the testing methodology as follows:

National Standard	Equivalent International
	Standard
MS IEC 60456: 2012, Clothes	IEC 60456: 2010, Clothes
Washing Machines for household	Washing Machines for household
use – Methods for measuring the	use – Methods for measuring the
performance	performance; or

6.3.2 The requirements for testing methodology shall be as follows:

- (a) the washing machine shall be tested at 230V, 50Hz.
- (b) soft water shall be used with the total water hardness of 0.5 ± 0.2 mmol/litre
- (c) cold water shall be used with the temperature of 20 ± 2 degree Celsius

- (d) the water level of the washing machine shall be set at maximum level.
- (e) cotton base load shall be used during the test.
- (f) the washing machine shall be tested using the standard program of the washing machine. The standard program for each type of washing machine are explained as below:
 - (i) Top load washing machine without heater
 Standard program means auto, normal or default program that does not require user's intervention to set the program.
 The water level shall be set at maximum.
 - (ii) Top load washing machine with heater
 Standard program means auto, normal or default program that does not require user's intervention to set the program.
 The temperature shall be set at least 60°C and the water level shall be set at maximum.
 - (iii) Front load washing machine Standard program means cotton (fabric type) selection program. If there is no fabric type program, the standard program means auto, normal or default program that does not require user intervention to set the program. The temperature shall be set at least 60°C for both program.
- *(g)* Other options/features/functions such as prewash, eco, energy saver and etc. shall be disabled when the testing is conducted.
- (h) The standard Program shall meet the minimum requirement as stated in Table 9 below. In the event that the standard Program selection is unable to fulfil the requirement under Table 9, manual selection shall be made to fulfil the requirement.

Туре	Main Wash	Rinse*	Spin
	(Minimum time, Minutes)	(Quantity)	(Minimum time)
Top Loading	1 time, 5 minutes	2	5 minutes
Front Loading	1 time ,10 minutes	2	5 minutes

Table 9 : Minimum Requirement on Washing Machine Programme Note:(*) The water volume should be identical at rinse 1 and rinse 2 (Normal rinse).

- *(i)* The information on the selected Program shall be clearly stated in the test report.
- (j) Other conditions which are not stated in these Guidelines shall follow the standard MS IEC 60456:2012 or equivalent standard IEC 60456:2010.
- 6.3.3 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as main motor, drain pump/ circulation pump/drain retractor, water inlet valve, Pressure sensor, PCB board, motor capacitor, heating element and other relevant component related to performance of the washing machine, the washing machine shall be tested again.
- 6.3.4 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

6.4 Calculation of energy efficiency

(a) Calculation of Energy Efficiency Ratio, EER (Wh/kg):

Energy Efficiency Ratio, EER (Wh/kg)= Measured Energy Consumption(Wh) Rated Capacity (kg)

Where;

Measured Energy Consumption (kwh) and Rated Capacity (kg) can be obtained from test report *Note: Measured Energy Consumption conversion unit : 1 kwh = 1000Wh

(b) Calculation of Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A:

 $A(kWh) = 365 \times Energy Consumption from the test report (kWh)$

(c) Calculation of Percentage Energy Saving Compared to Lowest 2-Star Rating, B:

Where;

The annual energy consumption for lowest 2-Star rating model (kWh)
=
$$\frac{365 \times EER_{lowest 2star} \times Rated Capacity}{1000}$$

EER lowest 2-Star = 22.5 Wh/kg for top loading washing machine EER lowest 2-Star = 220.0 Wh/kg for front loading washing machine

6.5 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance to Table 10 and Table 11 respectively.

Star Rating	Energy Efficiency Ratio (Wh/kg)
5	<6.0
4	6.0≤ EER <10.0
3	10.0≤ EER <17.0
2	17.0≤ EER <22.5
1	≥22.5

Top Loading Washing Machine ≤ 16kg

Table 10 : Star Rating Table for Top Loading Washing Machine

Front Loading	washing	machine ≤	416kg

Star Rating	Energy Efficiency Ratio
	(Wh/kg)
5	< 70.0
4	70.0 ≤ EER < 90.0
3	90.0 ≤ EER < 140.0
2	140.0≤ EER <220.0
1	≥220.0

Table 11 : Star Rating Table for Front Loading Washing Machine

PART 7 : MICROWAVE OVEN

7.1 Scope

These Guidelines shall apply to the following functions of microwave oven with size up to or equal to 32 Litre:

- (a) solo;
- (b) combination;
- (c) convection; and
- (d) any other microwave oven with similar function;.

7.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Combination	A microwave oven that combines microwave	
	functionality with additional heating method;	
Convection	A microwave oven using fan to force the air	
	movement and heat up the full interior of the	
	microwave oven;	
On Mode	Means the microwave oven set is connected to an	
	external power source and provides display;	
Solo	Means microwave with one heating method only;	
Standby	Means an any microwave oven that connected to	
Mode	main power source and have one or more of the	
	functions as prescribed in the MS IEC 62301:2012;	

7.2 Testing Methodology

7.3.1 The microwave oven shall be tested according to the testing methodology as follows:

National Standard	Equivalent International		
	Standard		
None	IEC 60705:2010, Household microwave		
none	ovens- Methods for measuring		
	performance.		
MS IEC 62301:2012,	IEC 62301:2011 Household electrical		
Household electrical	appliances - Measurement of standby		
appliances -	power		
Measurement of standby			
power.			

- 7.3.2 Testing of power measurement shall be carried out under following conditions:
 - (a) Power measurement at a time when the device is on On Mode; and
 - (b) Power measurement at a time when the device is on Standby Mode.
- 7.3.3 The On Mode power consumption shall have the following specific conditions:
 - (a) Supply voltage and frequency: 230V, 50Hz.
 - (b) Magnetron filament heating-up time shall be provided by the manufacturers.
- 7.3.4 The Standby Mode power consumption shall be measured according to MS IEC 62301:2012.
- 7.3.5 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as fan motor, high voltage capacitor value, high voltage transformer value, magnetron, PCB design/layout and other relevant component related to performance of the microwave oven, the microwave oven shall be tested again.

7.3.6 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

7.3 Calculation of energy efficiency

The efficiency shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\eta = \frac{P \times t}{W_{in}} \times 100\%$$

Where:

 η = is the efficiency in percentage rounded to the nearest whole number

t = is the heating time in seconds excluding the magnetron filament heating-up time

 W_{in} = is including the magnetron filament heating up energy consumption in watts second.

P = is the calculated microwave power output (in Watt)

(a) Calculation of Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A

Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), $A = 0.365 \times 3 \times \frac{W_{in}}{3600}$

Where 3 is referring to 3 times usage per day.

(b) Calculation of Percentage Energy Saving Compared to Lowest 2-Star Rating, B:

$$B = 100\% - \left(100 \times \frac{\eta_{lowest \, 2-star \, model}}{\eta_{tested}}\right)$$

7.4 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance with Table 12 below:

Star Rating	Efficiency,η (%)
5	65 ≤ η
4	58≤ η <65
3	53≤ η <58
2	45≤ η <53
1	η <45

Table 12 : Star Rating for microwave oven

The maximum power consumption during Standby Mode shall be 1 W.

PART 8 : RICE COOKER

8.1 Scope

- 8.1.1 Subject to paragraph 2.3, this Guide shall apply to the rice cooker as following:
 - (a) maximum rice cooking capacity: $1.0L \le Capacity \le 3.6L$; and
 - (b) rated power: $400W \le P \le 1600W$
- 8.1.2 A multi cooker with the function of cooking rice shall also be tested. The following equipment and technologies are excluded from these Guidelines:
 - (a) induction heating rice cooker; and
 - *(b)* any rice cooker model(s) that have been granted exemption by the Commission.

8.2 Testing Methodology

- 8.2.1 The testing methodology reference is MS 2024:2020 Electric Rice Cooker for household use – Method of measuring the performance.
- 8.2.2 The testing shall be done at the following conditions:
 - (a) Supply voltage and frequency: 230V, 50Hz; and
 - (b) Water volume shall be 80% of the maximum rated water capacity
 - (c) Test conducted at normal rice cooking mode.
- 8.2.3 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as heater, thermostat / temperature limiter, inner

pot material, PCB (for fuzzy logic type) and other relevant component related to performance of the rice cooker, the rice cooker shall be tested again.

8.2.4 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

8.3 Calculation of energy efficiency

The efficiency shall be calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\eta = \frac{1.16 \times G \times (T_2 - T_1)}{E} \times 100$$

Where

 η = is the energy efficiency , in % , rounded to one decimal

G = is the mass of water before test, in kilogram (kg)

T1 = is the initial water temperature before test, in °C

T₂ = is the highest temperature after test, in °C

E = is the energy consumption , in Wh

(a) Calculation of Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A

Annual Energy Consumption, a(kWh)	$=\frac{365 \times 2 \times E}{1000}$
	1000

Where E is energy consumption can be obtained from the test report in Wh.

(b) Calculation of Percentage Energy Saving Compared to Lowest 2-Star Rating, B:

$$B = 100\% \times \left(\frac{\eta_{lowest \, 2-star \, model}}{\eta_{tested}}\right)$$

Rated Power (W)	ባ Lowest 2 Star Model (%)
P ≤ 400	70
400 < P ≤ 600	71
600 < P ≤ 800	72
800 < P ≤ 1000	73
1000 < P ≤ 2000	74

Table 13 : η Lowest 2 Star for each rated power

8.4 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance Table 14 below.

Rated power, P (W)	Efficiency, η (%)				
	1-star	2-star	3-star	4-star	5-star
P ≤ 400	≥ 65	≥70	≥ 75	≥ 80	≥ 85
400 < P ≤ 600	≥ 66	≥71	≥76	≥ 81	≥ 87
600 < P ≤ 800	≥ 67	≥ 72	≥77	≥ 82	≥ 89
800 < P ≤ 1000	≥ 68	≥ 73	≥78	≥ 83	≥ 91
1000 < P ≤ 2000	≥ 69	≥ 74	≥79	≥ 84	≥ 93

Table 14 : Star Rating for rice cooker

PART 9 : FREEZER

9.1 Scope

Thes Guidelines shall apply to the following function of freezer with size up to or equal to 320 L, chest type with solid door.

9.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

EEF	Energy efficiency factor is a ratio between adjusted
	volume in litres and energy consumption per day in
	kWh obtained using the test method as in IEC
	62552-3:2015/AMD1:2020
Star Index	An indication of the claimed energy efficiency of a
	model. A higher SRI indicates higher energy

model. A higher SRI indicates higher energy efficiency. It is derived from the energy efficiency factor (EEF).

9.3 Testing Methodology

- 9.3.1 The testing methodology reference are as follows:
 - (a) IEC 62552-1:2015/AMD1:2020
 Household refrigerating appliances –Characteristics and test methods -Part 1 : General requirements
 - (b) IEC 62552-3:2015/AMD1:2020
 Household refrigerating appliances Characteristics and test methods -Part 3 : Energy consumption and volume

9.3.2 The testing methodology shall meet the following requirements:

(a) General

The energy consumption shall be determined by interpolation from the results of two tests: one giving a temperature warmer than, and the other a temperature colder than, the target temperature as in accordance with IEC 62552-3:2015/AMD1:2020.

(b) Electricity Supply

The refrigerating appliance shall be tested at the 230V, 50Hz.

(c) Ambient Temperature and Humidity

Ambient temperature of 32 ±0.5 °C ,with humidity less than 75%.

(d) Load processing efficiency

This value is determined by using equation (57) of Annex G of IEC 62552- 3:2015/AMD1:2020. This value is determined at ambient temperature of 32±0.5 °C only. A regional factor to scale processing load used is 1.

- 9.3.3 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as motor, motor capacitor value, regulator capacitor value, PCB design/layout, compressor, compressor capacitor, thermostat / temperature sensor, inverter PCB (for inverter type)) and other relevant component related to performance of the freezer, the freezer shall be tested again.
- 9.3.4 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

9.4 Calculation of energy efficiency

- (a) Star index is determined based on daily energy consumption obtained from test conducted in accordance with IEC 62552-1:2015/AMD1:2020 and IEC 62552-3:2015/AMD1:2020.
- (b) Star Index is determined by the following equation:

$$Star Index = \left(\frac{EEF_{tested}}{EEF_{average}} - 1\right) \times 100\%$$

Where

$$\begin{split} & EEF_{average} = 0.386 \times V_{adj} + 147.5 \\ & EEF_{tested} = \frac{V_{adj}(L)}{Energy \ Consumption \ per \ day \ (kWh)} \end{split}$$

Where

Energy Consumption per day
$$(kWh) = \frac{E_{total}}{365}$$

Where

$$E_{total} = E_{daily32c} \times 365 + \Delta E_{processing3} \times 365$$

The adjusted volume $V_{adjusted}$ of a refrigeration is calculated by summing the adjusted volume for each compartment as per equation below:

$$V_{adj} = \sum_{l=1}^{n} K_{ci} \times V_{i}$$

Where

n is number of compartments in the refrigerating appliance

Vi is volume of compartment i (litres)

 K_{Ci} is adjustment volume factor for compartment *i* as determined in accordance with the following equation.

$$K_{ci} = \frac{T_{ka} - T_{ti}}{T_{ka} - T_{tff}}$$

Where,

 T_{ka} is the environment test temperature (set at + 32±0.5 °C); T_{ti} is the target temperature of compartment *i* (°C) from Table 2 T_{tff} is the target temperature of a fresh food compartment (4 °C)

The volume adjustment factor (K_{Ci}) for each compartment type is specified in Table 15 below.

Compartment type	Target temperature (°C)	Volume adjustment factor (<i>Kci</i>)
1 star	-6	1.36
2 star	-12	1.57
3 star and 4 star	-18	1.79

Table 15 : Volume adjustment factor

(c) Calculation of Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A

Annual Energy Consumption (kWh) = can also obtained from the test report

(d) Calculation of Percentage Energy Saving Compared to Lowest 2-Star Rating, B:

$$B = 100\% - 100 \times \left(\frac{\left(0.1642 \times V_{adj}(L)\right) + 139.75}{EEF_{tested}}\right)$$

9.5 Energy efficiency rating

Star rating	Star index value
5	+ 35 % ≤ Star index
4	+ 15 % ≤ Star index < + 35 %
3	- 20 % ≤ Star index < + 15 %
2	- 37 % ≤ Star index < - 20 %
1	Star index < - 37 %

The star rating shall be in accordance with Table 16 below.

Table 16 : Star Rating for Freezer

PART 10 : ELECTRIC OVEN

10.1 Scope

- 10.1.1 These Guidelines shall apply to portable or built-in type electric oven with the following function mode:
 - (a) conventional mode;
 - (b) convectional mode;
 - (c) conventional and convectional mode; and
 - (d) conventional, convectional and steam mode.
- 10.1.2 The following products and technologies are excluded from this Guideline:
 - (a) oven using energy sources other than electricity;
 - (b) oven offering a 'microwave heating' function;
 - (c) small cavity oven below than 10L usable volume;
 - (d) large cavity oven more than 90L useable volume;
 - (e) free standing oven with hob;
 - (f) oven with clearance height less than 120 mm and clearance width or depth less than 250 mm;
 - (g) heat storage oven;
 - (h) oven without adjustable temperature control; or
 - (i) oven which are heated with steam as a primary heating function or only with steam mode;

10.2 Interpretation

In this part, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Built-in Electric Oven	means an electric oven that is designed as a
	built-in equipment as stated in the IEC 60350-
	1:2016;

Portable Electric	means the type of electric oven that can be
Oven	moved from one place to another and not
	designed for built-in installation.
Conventional mode	means the operation function of an oven
	only using natural convection for circulation
	of heated air inside the cavity of the oven;
Convectional mode	means the operation function of an oven
	with forced air circulation when a built-in fan
	circulates heated air inside the cavity of the
	oven.
Steam mode	means the operation function of an oven when
	heat transmission by condensation of steam
	with a temperature > 100 °C.
cavity	means the enclosed compartment of electric
	oven in which the temperature can be
	controlled for preparation of food;
EEI	means the Energy Efficiency Index for each
	cavity of an electric oven;

10.3 Testing Methodology

- 10.3.1 The electric oven shall be tested according to the testing methodology as follows:
 - (a) IEC 60350-1:2016 Household electric cooking appliances -Part 1: Ranges, ovens, steam ovens and grills - Methods for measuring performance.
 - *(b)* The minimum test condition shall be tested as follows in accordance to the various function mode of the electric oven:

Function	Minimum test data	
Conventional mode only	Conventional mode	
Convectional mode only	Convectional mode	
Conventional and convectional mode	Convectional mode	
Conventional, convectional and steam mode	Convectional mode	

- *(c)* Other options/features/functions such as eco, energy saver and etc. shall be disabled when the testing is conducted.
- *(d)* The electric oven shall be tested at the voltage of 230V and the frequency of 50Hz.
- (e) The minimum clearance height less than 120 mm shall be measured from the floor of the lowest shelf to the lowest point on the ceiling, as illustrated in Figure 2:



Figure 2 : Minimum Clearance Height

- 10.3.2 The relevant information shall be declared by the manufacturer and shall be stated in the product user instruction manual or product literature. The relevant information are as follows:
 - (a) the type of the electric oven;
 - (b) the total rated power of the electric oven;
 - (c) the useable volume as defined in the testing standard of the electric oven; and
 - *(d)* the dimension of useable internal dimension (height x width x depth) of the electric oven.
- 10.3.3 The Test Report shall only be issued by CAB and includes
 - (a) coloured photographs showing the name plate, exterior, interior and critical components of the electric oven;
 - (b) the critical components list with technical specification and description of the components of the electric oven; and
 - (c) the data and calculation sheet of the electric oven based on energy consumption for heating a load as per Annex E in IEC 60350-1:2016.
- 10.3.4 The components in the performance test report shall be the same as the safety test report. In the case of major changes to any component such as heater, thermostat / temperature sensor, fan motor, PCB (if temperature sensor is used) and other relevant component related to performance of the electric oven, the electric oven shall be tested again.
- 10.3.5 A complete Test Report shall contain an attachment with photos of the product taken including the photos of major components marking listed as per clauses above.

10.4 Calculations of energy efficiency

 (a) The energy consumption per cycle corresponding to the best performing mode (conventional mode or convectional mode) shall be used to determine the EEI.
 For each cavity of an oven, the EEI shall be calculated according to the following formula:

$$EEI_{cavity} = \frac{EC_{electic\ cavity}}{SEC_{electic\ cavity}} \times 100$$

Where

 EEI_{cavity} is EEI for each cavity of an electric oven, in %, rounded to the first decimal place,

 $EC_{electic\ cavity}$ is Energy consumption required to heat a standardized load in a cavity of an electric oven during a cycle, expressed in kWh, rounded to the second decimal place

 $SEC_{electic \ cavity}$ is Standard Energy Consumption (electricity) required to heat a standardized load in a cavity of an electric oven during a cycle, expressed in kWh, rounded to the second decimal place, and determined as following calculation depending on the type of an electric oven:

For Built in Electric Oven :

 $SEC_{electic \ cavity} = 0.0105 \times V + 0.1436$

For Portable Electric Oven :

 $SEC_{electic \ cavity} = 0.0126 \times V + 0.3439$

Where

V is the volume of the cavity of the electric oven in litres (L) rounded to the nearest integer.

(b) Calculation of Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A

Annual Energy Consumption (kWh), A = Energy Consumption (kWh) × 365

Where Energy Consumption (kWh) can be obtained from the test report.

(c) Calculation of Percentage Energy Saving Compared to Lowest 2- Star Rating, B:

$$B = 100 - 100 \times \left(\frac{EEI_{cavity}}{EEI_{lowest 2star}}\right)$$

10.5 Energy efficiency rating

The energy efficiency rating in the form of star rating shall be in accordance with Table 17 and Table 18.

Star rating	EEI (%)
5	EEI < 82
4	82 ≤ EEI < 92
3	92 ≤ EEI < 115
2	115 ≤ EEI < 140
1	140 ≤ EEI

Table 17 : Star Rating for built-in oven

Star rating	EEI (%)
5	EEI < 85
4	85 ≤ EEI < 95
3	95 ≤ EEI < 110
2	110 ≤ EEI < 120
1	120 ≤ EEI

Table 18 : Star Rating for portable electric oven

CHAPTER 2 : ENERGY EFFICIENCY RATING LABEL

In accordance with the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Act, any equipment that meets all the requirements of efficient use of electricity shall be affixed with an efficiency rating label. It shall be the responsibility of the manufacturer or importer to affix such label. Information to be included in the label is as per Figure 3.



Figure 3 : Energy Efficiency Label

Label in Figure 3 shall applicable to all energy using product except for Lamp. The label for lamp shall has following information in the label:

(a) For LED Lamp after completing first 1,000 hours of test



(b) For LED Lamp after completing 6,000 hours of test



(c) For other type of lamps



Size Specification

The size of the energy efficiency label is as per figure below.



Figure 4 : Label size for rice cooker, microwave and fan





Figure 6 : Label size specification for Electric Oven



Font and Colour Specifications :

Figure 7 : Font and Colour Specifications

QR Code

- (a) The QR code shall be downloaded from https://edik.st.gov.my/ with reference to the COE approval number and the printed QR code shall be readable by a QR code scanner.
- *(b)* Design specification: The designs for the energy efficiency label for each star rating are as per Figure 8.



Figure 8 : Label design for 2-star to 5-star